

(19)  Canadian Intellectual Property Office
An Agency of Industry Canada

Office de la Propriété Intellectuelle du Canada
Un organisme d'Industrie Canada

(11) CA 2 331 641 (13) A1
(40) 11.11.1999
(43) 11.11.1999

(12)

(21) 2 331 641

(51) Int. Cl. 5:

(22) 05.05.1999

C07K 16/00, C07K 16/28,
A61K 39/395, G01N 33/53,
C12N 15/63

(85) 03.11.2000

(86) PCT/DE99/01350

(87) WO99/57150

(30) 198 19 846.9 DE 05.05.1998

(72) LITTLE, MELVYN (DE).
KIPRIYANOV, SERGEJ (DE).

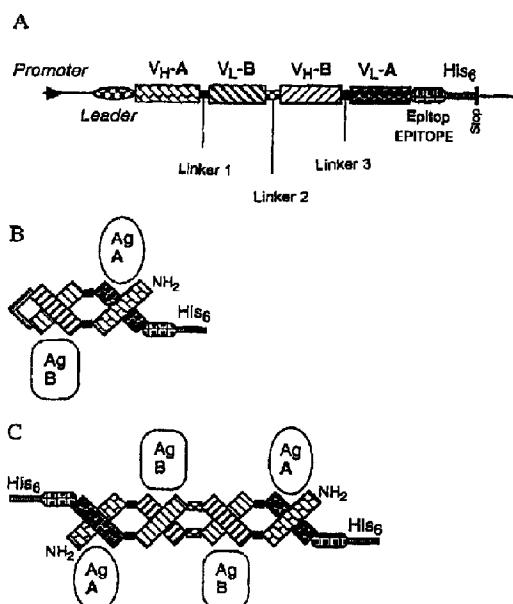
(71) DEUTSCHES KREBSFORSCHUNGSZENTRUM
STIFTUNG DES ÖFFENTLICHEN RECHTS,
Im Neuenheimer Feld 280, HEIDELBERG, XX (DE).

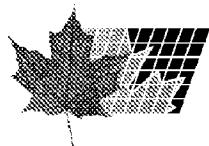
(74) BERESKIN & PARR

(54) CONSTRUCTIONS D'ANTICORPS MULTIVALENTES
(54) MULTIVALENT ANTIBODY CONSTRUCTS

(57)

The invention relates to a multivalent Fv antibody construct comprising at least four variable domains which are connected to one another via peptide linkers 1, 2 and 3. The invention also relates to expression plasmids which code for such an Fv antibody construct. In addition, the invention relates to a method for producing the Fv antibody constructs and to the use thereof.





(21)(AI) 2,331,641

(86) 1999/05/05

(87) 1999/11/11

(72) LITTLE, MELVYN, DE

(72) KIPRIYANOV, SERGEJ, DE

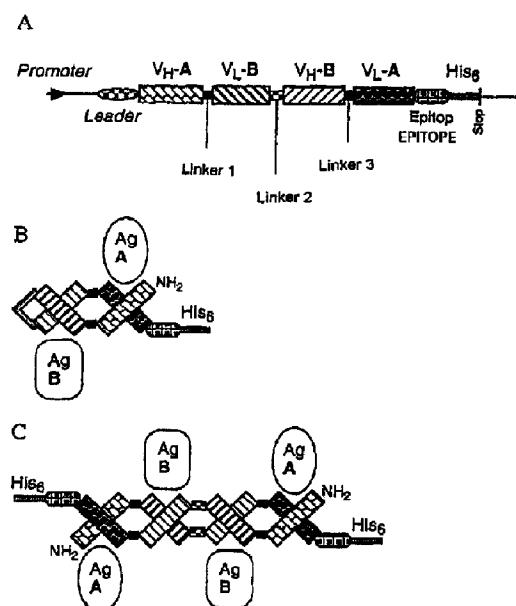
(71) DEUTSCHES KREBSFORSCHUNGSZENTRUM STIFTUNG DES
ÖFFENTLICHEN RECHTS, DE

(51) Int.Cl.⁶ C07K 16/00, C12N 15/63, G01N 33/53, A61K 39/395,
C07K 16/28

(30) 1998/05/05 (198 19 846.9) DE

(54) CONSTRUCTIONS D'ANTICORPS MULTIVALENTES

(54) MULTIVALENT ANTIBODY CONSTRUCTS



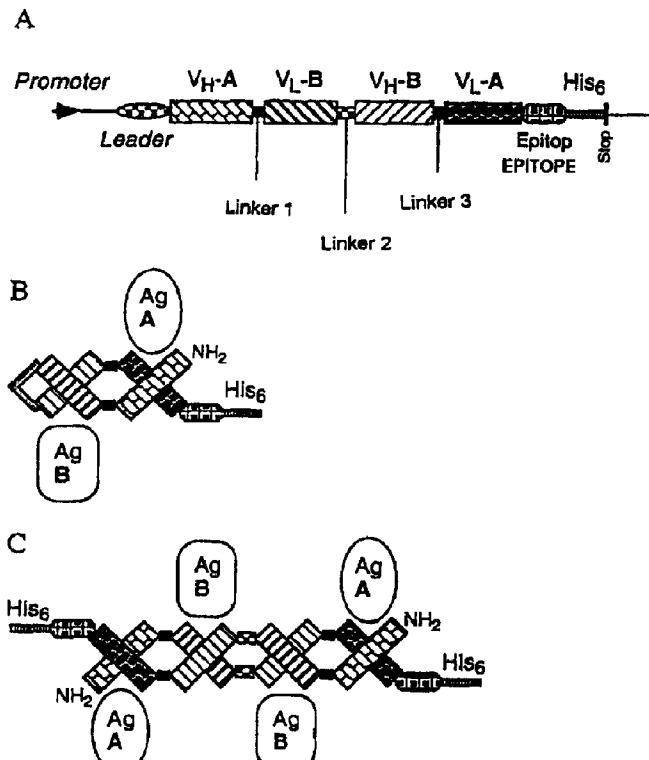
(57) La présente invention concerne une construction d'anticorps F_v multivalente, comportant au moins quatre domaines variables qui sont reliés l'un à l'autre par l'intermédiaire des segments peptidiques 1, 2 et 3. L'invention concerne en outre des plasmides d'expression qui codent pour une telle construction d'anticorps F_v, ainsi qu'un procédé de réalisation des constructions d'anticorps F_v et leur utilisation.

(57) The invention relates to a multivalent F_v antibody construct comprising at least four variable domains which are connected to one another via peptide linkers 1, 2 and 3. The invention also relates to expression plasmids which code for such an F_v antibody construct. In addition, the invention relates to a method for producing the F_v antibody constructs and to the use thereof.



PCTWELTORGANISATION FÜR GEISTIGES EIGENTUM
Internationales BüroINTERNATIONALE ANMELDUNG VERÖFFENTLICHT NACH DEM VERTRAG ÜBER DIE
INTERNATIONALE ZUSAMMENARBEIT AUF DEM GEBIET DES PATENTWESENS (PCT)

(51) Internationale Patentklassifikation 6 : C07K 16/00		A2	(11) Internationale Veröffentlichungsnummer: WO 99/57150 (43) Internationales Veröffentlichungsdatum: 11. November 1999 (11.11.99)
<p>(21) Internationales Aktenzeichen: PCT/DE99/01350</p> <p>(22) Internationales Anmeldedatum: 5. Mai 1999 (05.05.99)</p> <p>(30) Prioritätsdaten: 198 19 846.9 5. Mai 1998 (05.05.98) DE</p> <p>(71) Anmelder (<i>für alle Bestimmungsstaaten ausser US</i>): DEUTSCHES KREBSFORSCHUNGSZENTRUM STIFTUNG DES ÖFFENTLICHEN RECHTS [DE/DE]; Im Neuenheimer Feld 280, D-69120 Heidelberg (DE).</p> <p>(72) Erfinder; und</p> <p>(75) Erfinder/Anmelder (<i>nur für US</i>): LITTLE, Melvyn [GB/DE]; Fritz-von-Briesen-Strasse 10, D-69151 Neckargemünd (DE). KIPRIYANOV, Sergej [RU/DE]; Furtwänglerstrasse 3, D-69121 Heidelberg (DE).</p> <p>(74) Anwalt: HUBER, Bernard; Huber & Schüssler, Truderinger Strasse 246, D-81825 München (DE).</p>		<p>(81) Bestimmungsstaaten: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO Patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), eurasisches Patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), europäisches Patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI Patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).</p> <p>Veröffentlicht <i>Ohne internationalen Recherchenbericht und erneut zu veröffentlichen nach Erhalt des Berichts.</i></p>	
<p>(54) Title: MULTIVALENT ANTIBODY CONSTRUCTS</p> <p>(54) Bezeichnung: MULTIVALENT ANTIKÖRPER-KONSTRUKTE</p> <p>(57) Abstract</p> <p>The invention relates to a multivalent F_v antibody construct comprising at least four variable domains which are connected to one another via peptide linkers 1, 2 and 3. The invention also relates to expression plasmids which code for such an F_v antibody construct. In addition, the invention relates to a method for producing the F_v antibody constructs and to the use thereof.</p> <p>(57) Zusammenfassung</p> <p>Die vorliegende Erfindung betrifft ein multivalentes F_v-Antikörper-Konstrukt mit mindestens vier variablen Domänen, die über die Peptidlinker 1, 2 und 3 miteinander verbunden sind. Ferner betrifft die Erfindung Expressionsplasmide, die für ein solches F_v-Antikörper-Konstrukt codieren, und ein Verfahren zur Herstellung der F_v-Antikörper-Konstrukte sowie deren Verwendung.</p>			



Applicant: Deutsches Krebsforschungszentrum
Attorney's File: K 2675

Multivalent Antibody Constructs

The present invention relates to multivalent F_v antibody constructs, expression plasmids which code for them, and a method for producing the F_v antibody constructs as well as the use thereof.

Natural antibodies are dimers and are therefore referred to as bivalent. They have four variable domains, namely two V_H domains and two V_L domains. The variable domains serve as binding sites for an antigen, a binding site being formed from a V_H domain and a V_L domain. Natural antibodies recognize one antigen each, so that they are also referred to as monospecific. Furthermore, they also have constant domains which add to the stability of the natural antibodies. On the other hand, they are also co-responsible for undesired immune responses which result when natural antibodies of various animal species are administered mutually.

In order to avoid such immune responses, antibodies are constructed which lack the constant domains. In particular, these are antibodies which only comprise the variable domains. Such antibodies are designated F_v antibody constructs. They are often available in the form of single-chain monomers paired with one another.

However, it showed that F_v antibody constructs only have little stability. Therefore, their usability for therapeutic purposes is strongly limited.

Thus, it is the object of the present invention to provide an antibody by means of which undesired immune responses can be avoided. Furthermore, it shall have a stability which makes it usable for therapeutic uses.

According to the invention this is achieved by the subject matters defined in the claims.

Therefore, the subject matter of the present invention relates to a multivalent F_v antibody construct which has great stability. Such a construct is suitable for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes.

The present invention is based on the applicant's insights that the stability of an F_v antibody construct can be increased if it is present in the form of a single-chain dimer where the four variable domains are linked with one another via three peptide linkers. The applicant also recognized that the F_v antibody construct folds with itself when the middle peptide linker has a length of about 10 to 30 amino acids. The applicant also recognized that the F_v antibody construct folds with other F_v antibody constructs when the middle peptide linker has a length of about up to 10 amino acids so as to obtain a multimeric, i.e. multivalent, F_v antibody construct. The applicant also realized that the F_v antibody construct can be multi-specific.

According to the invention the applicant's insights are utilized to provide a multi-valent F_v antibody construct

which comprises at least four variable domains which are linked with one another via peptide linkers 1, 2 and 3.

The expression "F_v antibody construct" refers to an antibody which has variable domains but no constant domains.

The expression "multivalent F_v antibody construct" refers to an F_v antibody which has several, but at least four, variable domains. This is achieved when the single-chain F_v antibody construct folds with itself so as to give four variable domains, or folds with other single-chain F_v antibody constructs. In the latter case, an F_v antibody construct is given which has 8, 12, 16, etc., variable domains. It is favorable for the F_v antibody construct to have four or eight variable domains, i.e. it is bivalent or tetravalent (cf. Fig. 1). Furthermore, the variable domains may be equal or differ from one another, so that the antibody construct recognizes one or several antigens. The antibody construct preferably recognizes one or two antigens, i.e. it is monospecific and bispecific, respectively. Examples of such antigens are proteins CD19 and CD3.

The expression "peptide linkers 1, 3" refers to a peptide linker adapted to link variable domains of an F_v antibody construct with one another. The peptide linker may contain any amino acids, the amino acids glycine (G), serine (S) and proline (P) being preferred. The peptide linkers 1 and 3 may be equal or differ from each other. Furthermore, the peptide linker may have a length of about 0 to 10 amino acids. In the former case, the peptide linker is only a peptide bond from the COOH residue of one of the variable domains and the NH₂ residue of another of the variable domains. The peptide linker preferably comprises the amino acid sequence GG.

The expression "peptide linker 2" refers to a peptide linker adapted to link variable domains of an F_v antibody construct with one another. The peptide linker may contain any amino acids, the amino acids glycine (G), serine (S) and proline (P) being preferred. The peptide linker may also have a length of about 3 to 10 amino acids, in particular 5 amino acids, and most particularly the amino acid sequence GGPSS, which serves for achieving that the single-chain F_v antibody construct folds with other single-chain F_v antibody constructs. The peptide linker can also have a length of about 11 to 20 amino acids, in particular 15 to 20 amino acids, and most particularly the amino acid sequence (G₄S)₄, which serves for achieving that the single-chain F_v antibody construct folds with itself.

An F_v antibody construct according to the invention can be produced by common methods. A method is favorable in which DNAs coding for the peptide linkers 1, 2 and 3 are ligated with DNAs coding for the four variable domains of an F_v antibody construct such that the peptide linkers link the variable domains with one another and the resulting DNA molecule is expressed in an expression plasmid. Reference is made to Examples 1 to 6. As to the expressions "F_v antibody construct" and "peptide linker" reference is made to the above explanations and, by way of supplement, to Maniatis, T. et al., Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory 1982.

DNAs which code for an F_v antibody construct according to the invention also represent a subject matter of the present invention. Furthermore, expression plasmids which contain such DNAs also represent a subject matter of the present invention. Preferred expression plasmids are pDISC3x19-LL,

pDISC3x19-SL, pPIC-DISC-LL, pPIC-DISC-SL, pDISC5-LL and pDISC6-SL. The first four were deposited with the DSMZ (*Deutsche Sammlung für Mikroorganismen und Zellen*) [German-type collection for micro-organisms and cells] on April 30, 1998 under DSM 12150, DSM 12149, DSM 12152 and DSM 12151, respectively.

Another subject matter of the present invention relates to a kit, comprising:

- (a) an F_v antibody construct according to the invention, and/or
- (b) an expression plasmid according to the invention, and
- (c) conventional auxiliary agents, such as buffers, solvents and controls.

One or several representatives of the individual components may be present.

The present invention provides a multivalent F_v antibody construct where the variable domains are linked with one another via peptide linkers. Such an antibody construct distinguishes itself in that it contains no parts which can lead to undesired immune reactions. Furthermore, it has great stability. It also enables to bind several antigens simultaneously. Therefore, the F_v antibody construct according to the invention is perfectly adapted to be used not only for diagnostic but also for therapeutic purposes. Such purposes can be seen as regards any disease, in particular a viral, bacterial or tumoral disease.

Brief description of the drawings:

Fig. 1 shows the genetic organization of an F_v antibody construct (A) according to the invention and schemes for forming a bivalent (B) or tetravalent F_v antibody construct (C). Ag: antigen; His₆: six C-terminal histidine residues; stop: stop codon (TAA); V_H and V_L: variable region of the heavy and light chains.

Fig. 2 shows the scheme for the construction of the plasmids pDISC3x19-LL and pDISC3x19-SL. c-myc: sequence coding for an epitope which is recognized by the antibody 9E1, His₆: sequence which codes for six C-terminal histidine residues; PelB: signal peptide sequence of the bacterial pectate lyase (PelB leader); rbs: ribosome binding site; Stop: stop codon (TAA); V_H and V_L: variable region of the heavy and light chains.

Fig. 3 shows a diagram of the expression plasmid pDISC3x19-LL. 6xHis: sequence which codes for six C-terminal histidine residues; bla: gene which codes for β-lactamase responsible for ampicillin resistance; bp: base pairs; c-myc: sequence coding for an epitope which is recognized by the 9E10 antibody; ColE1: origin of the DNA replication; f1-IG: intergenic region of the bacteriophage f1; Lac P/O: wt lac-operon promoter/operator; linker 1: sequence which codes for a GlyGly dipeptide linking the V_H and V_L domains; linker 2: sequence coding for a (Gly₄Ser)₄ polypeptide which links the hybrid scFv fragments; Pel-B leader: signal peptide sequence of the bacterial pectate lyase; rbs: ribosome binding site; V_H and V_L: variable region of the heavy and light chains.

Fig. 4 shows a diagram of the expression plasmid pDISC3x19-SL. 6xHis: sequence which codes for six C-terminal histidine

residues; bla: gene which codes for β -lactamase which is responsible for the ampicillin resistance; bp: base pairs; c-myc: sequence coding for an epitope recognized by the 9E10 antibody; ColE1: origin of DNA replication; f1-IG: intergenic region of the bacteriophage f1; Lac P/O: wt lac-operon promoter/operator; linker 1: sequence which codes for a GlyGly dipeptide which links the V_H and V_L domains; linker 3: sequence which codes for a GlyGlyProGlySer oligopeptide which links the hybrid scFv fragments; Pel-B leader: signal peptide sequence of the bacterial pectate lyase; rbs: ribosome binding site; V_H and V_L : variable region of the heavy and light chains.

Fig. 5 shows the nucleotide sequence and the amino acid sequence derived therefrom of the bivalent F_v antibody construct encoded by the expression plasmid pDIS3x19-LL. c-myc epitope: sequence coding for an epitope which is recognized by the antibody 9E10; CDR: region determining the complementarity; framework: framework region; His6 tail: sequence which codes for six C-terminal histidine residues; PelB leader: signal peptide sequence of the bacterial pectate lyase; RBS: ribosome binding site; V_H and V_L : variable region of the heavy and light chains.

Fig. 6 shows the nucleotide sequence and the derived amino acid sequence of the tetravalent F_v antibody construct encoded by the expression plasmid pDISC3x19-SL. c-myc epitope: sequence coding for an epitope which is recognized by the 9E10 antibody; CDR: region determining complementarity; framework: framework region; His6 tail: sequence coding for the six C-terminal histidine residues; PelB leader: signal peptide sequence of the bacterial pectate lyase; RBS: ribosome binding site; V_H and V_L : variable region of the heavy and light chains.

Fig. 7 shows the nucleotide sequence and the derived amino acid sequence of a connection between a gene which codes for an α -factor leader sequence and a gene coding for the tetravalent F_v antibody construct in the *Pichia* expression plasmid pPIC-DISC-SL. Alpha-factor signal: leader peptide sequence of the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*- α factor secretion signal; V_H: variable region of the heavy chain. Rhombs indicate the signal cleaving sites.

Fig. 8 shows the nucleotide sequence and the derived amino acid sequence of a connection between a gene coding for an α -factor leader sequence and a gene which codes for the bivalent F_v antibody construct in the *Pichia* expression plasmid pPIC-DISC-LL. Alpha-factor signal: leader peptide sequence of the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*- α factor secretion signal; V_H: variable region of the heavy chain. Rhombs show the signal cleaving sites.

Fig. 9 shows a diagram of the expression plasmid pDISC5-LL. 6xHis: sequence coding for six C-terminal histidine residues; bla: gene which codes for β -lactamase responsible for ampicillin resistance; bp: base pairs; c-myc: sequence coding for an epitope which is recognized by the 9E10 antibody; hok-sok: plasmid-stabilizing DNA locus; LacI: gene which codes for the Lac repressor; Lac P/O: wt lac-operon-promoter/operator; LacZ': gene which codes for the α -peptide of β -galactosidase; linker 1: sequence which codes for a GlyGly dipeptide connecting the V_H and V_L domains; linker 2: sequence which codes for a (Gly₄Ser)₄ polypeptide linking the hybrid scFv fragments; M13 IG: intergenic region of the M13 bacteriophage; pBR322ori: origin of DNA replication; Pel-B leader: signal peptide sequence of the bacterial pectate lyase; rbs: ribosome binding site which originates

from the *E. coli* lacZ gene (lacZ), from the bacteriophage T7 gene 10 (T7g10) or from the *E. coli* skp gene (skp); skp: gene which codes for the bacterial periplasmic factor Skp/OmpH; tHP: strong transcription terminator; tIPP: transcription terminator; V_H and V_L: variable region of the heavy and light chains.

Fig. 10 shows a diagram of the expression plasmid pDISC6-SL. 6xHis: sequence which codes for six C-terminal histidine residues; bla: gene which codes for β-lactamase responsible for ampicillin resistance; bp: base pairs; c-myc: sequence coding for an epitope which is recognized by the 9E10 antibody; hok-sok: plasmid-stabilized DNA locus; LacI: gene which codes for the Lac repressor; Lac P/O: wt lac-operon promoter/operator; LacZ': gene which codes for the α-peptide of β-galactosidase; linker 1: sequence which codes for a GlyGly dipeptide which links the V_H and V_L domains; linker 3: sequence which codes for a GlyGlyProGlySer oligopeptide linking the hybrid scFv fragments; M13 IG: intergenic region of the M13 bacteriophage; pBR322ori: origin of DNA replication; Pel-B leader: signal peptide sequence of the bacterial pectate lyase; rbs: ribosome binding site originating from the *E. coli* lacZ gene (lacZ), from the bacteriophage T7 gene 10 (T7g10) or from the *E. coli* skp gene (skp); skp: gene which codes for the bacterial periplasmic factor Skp/OmpH; tHP: strong transcription terminator; tIPP: transcription terminator; V_H and V_L: variable region of the heavy and light chains.

The invention is explained by the below examples.

Example 1: Construction of the plasmids pDISC3x19-LL and pDISC3x19-SL for the expression of bivalent, bispecific and/or tetravalent, bispecific F_v antibody constructs in bacteria

The plasmids pHOG- α CD19 and pHOG-dmOKT3 which code for the scFv fragments derived from the hybridoma HD37 which is specific to human CD19 (Kipriyanov et al., 1996, J.-Immunol. Meth. 196, 51-62) and from the hybridoma OKT3 which is specific to human CD3 (Kipriyanov et al., 1997, Protein Eng. 10, 445-453), respectively, were used for the construction of expression plasmids for a single-chain F_v antibody construct. A PCR fragment 1 of the V_H domain of anti-CD19, followed by a segment which codes for a GlyGly linker, was produced using the primers DP1, 5'-TCACACAGAATTC-TTAGATCTATTAAAGAGGAGAAATTAAACC, and DP2, 5'-AGCACACGATATCACCGCCAAGCTTGGGTGTTGGC (cf. Fig. 2). The PCR fragment 1 was cleaved by EcoRI and EcoRV and ligated with the EcoRI/EcoRV-linearized plasmid pHOG-dmOKT3 so as to produce the vector pHOG19-3. The PCR fragment 2 of the V_L domain of anti-CD19, followed by a segment which codes for a c-myc epitope and a hexahistidinyl tail, was produced using the primers DP3, 5'-AGCACACAAGCTTGGCGGTGATATCTTGCTCACCAAAC-TCCA, and DP4, 5'-AGCACACTTAGAGACACAGATCTTAGTGATGGTGAT-GGTGATGTGAGTTAGG. The PCR fragment 2 was cleaved by HindIII and XbaI and ligated with the HIndIII/XbaI-linearized plasmid pHOG-dmOKT3 so as to obtain the vector pHOG3-19 (cf. Fig. 2). The gene coding for the hybrid scFv-3-19 in the plasmid pHOG3-19 was amplified by means of PCR with the primers Bi3sk, 5'-CAGCCGGCATGGCGCAGGTGCAACTGCAGCAG and either Li-1, 5'-TATATACTGCAGCTGCACCTGGCTACCACCACCACGGAGCCG-CCACCACCGCTACCACCGCCGCCAGAACCAACCACCAGCGGCCGCAGCATCAGCCG, for the production of a long flexible (Gly₄Ser)₄ inter-scFv linker (PCR fragment 3, cf. Fig. 2) or Li-2, 5'-TATATA-

CTGCAGCTGCACCTGCGACCCTGGGCCACCAGCGGCCGCAGCATCAGCCCG, for the production of a short rigid GGP_{GS} linker (PCR fragment 4, cf. Fig. 2). The expression plasmids pDISC3x19-LL and pDISC3x19-SL were constructed by ligating the NcoI/PvuII restriction fragment from pHOG19-3, comprising the vector framework and the NcoI/PvuII-cleaved PCR fragments 3 and 4, respectively (cf. Figs. 3, 4). The complete nucleotide and protein sequences of the bivalent and tetravalent F_v antibody constructs are indicated in Figs 5 and 6, respectively.

Example 2: Construction of the plasmids pPIC-DISC-LL and pPIC-DISC-SL for the expression of bivalent, bispecific and/or tetravalent, bispecific F_v antibody constructs in yeast

(A) Construction of pPIC-DISC-SL

The vector pPICZ α A (Invitrogen BV, Leek, Netherlands) for the expression and secretion of recombinant proteins in the yeast *Pichia pastoris* was used as a starting material. It contains a gene which codes for the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* α -factor secretion signal, followed by a polylinker. The secretion of this vector is based on the dominant selectable marker, ZeocinTM which is bifunctional in both *Pichia* and *E. coli*. The gene which codes for the tetravalent F_v antibody construct (scDia-SL) was amplified by means of PCR by the template pDISC3x19-SL using the primers 5-PIC, 5'-CCGTGAATTCCAGGTGCAACTGCAGCAGTCTGGGGCTGAAGTGGC, and pSEXBN 5'-GGTCGACGTTAACCGACAAACAAACAGATAAAACG. The resulting PCR product was cleaved by EcoRI and XbaI and ligated in EcoRI/XbaI-linearized pPICZ α A. The expression plasmid pPIC-DISC-SL was obtained. The nucleotide and protein sequences

of the tetravalent F_v antibody construct are shown in Fig. 7.

(B) Construction of pPIC-DISC-LL

The construction of pPIC-DISC-LL was carried out on the basis of pPICZαA (Invitrogen BV, Leek, Netherlands) and pDISC3x19-LL (cf. Fig. 3). The plasmid-DNA pPICZαA was cleaved by EcoRI. The overhanging 5'-ends were filled using a Klenow fragment of the *E. coli* DNA polymerase I. The resulting DNA was cleaved by XbaI, and the large fragment comprising the pPIC vector was isolated. Analogous thereto the DNA of pDISC3x19-LL was cleaved by NcoI and treated with a Klenow fragment. Following the cleavage using XbaI a small fragment, comprising a gene coding for the bivalent F_v antibody, was isolated. Its ligation with a pPIC-derived vector-DNA resulted in the plasmid pPIC-DISC-LL. The nucleotide and protein sequences of the bivalent F_v antibody construct are shown in Fig. 8.

Example 3: Expression of the tetravalent and/or bivalent F_v antibody construct in bacteria

E. coli XL1-blue cells (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA) which had been transformed with the expression plasmids pDISC3x19-LL and pDISC3x19-SL, respectively, were cultured overnight in 2xYT medium with 50 µg/ml ampicillin and 100 mM glucose (2xYT_{GA}) at 37°C. 1:50 dilutions of the overnight cultures in 2xYT_{GA} were cultured as flask cultures at 37°C while shaking with 200 rpm. When the cultures had reached an OD₆₀₀ value of 0.8, the bacteria were pelleted by 10-minute centrifugation with 1500 g at 20°C and resuspended in the same volume of a fresh 2xYT medium containing 50 µg/ml ampicillin and 0.4 M saccharose. IPTG was added up to a

final concentration of 0.1 mM, and the growth was continued at room temperature (20–22°C) for 18 – 20 h. The cells were harvested by 10-minute centrifugation with 5000 g at 4°C. The culture supernatant was held back and stored on ice. In order to isolate the soluble periplasmic proteins, the pelleted bacteria were resuspended in 5 % of the initial volume of ice-cold 50 mM Tris-HCl, 20 % saccharose, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0. Following 1 hour of incubation on ice with occasional stirring the spheroplasts were centrifuged with 30,000 g at 4°C for 30 minutes, the soluble periplasmic extract being obtained as supernatant and the spheroplasts with the insoluble periplasmic material being obtained as pellet. The culture supernatant and the soluble periplasmic extract were combined and clarified by further centrifugation (30,000 g, 4°C, 40 min.). The recombinant product was concentrated by ammonium sulfate precipitation (final concentration 70 % saturation). The protein precipitate was obtained by centrifugation (10,000 g, 4°C, 40 min.) and dissolved in 10 % of the initial volume of 50 mM Tris-HCl, 1 M NaCl, pH 7.0. An immobilized metal affinity chromatography (IMAC) was carried out at 4°C using a 5 ml column of chelating sepharose (Pharmacia) which was charged with Cu²⁺ and had been equilibrated with 50 mM Tris-HCl, 1 M NaCl, pH 7.0 (starting buffer). The sample was loaded by passing it over the column. It was then washed with twenty column volumes of starting buffer, followed by starting buffer with 50 mM imidazole until the absorption at 280 nm of the effluent was at a minimum (about thirty column volumes). The absorbed material was eluted with 50 mM Tris-HCl, 1 M NaCl, 250 mM imidazole, pH 7.0.

The protein concentrations were determined with the Bradford dye binding test (1976, Anal. Biochem. 72, 248-254) using the Bio-Rad (Munich, Germany) protein assay kit. The

concentrations of the purified tetravalent and bivalent F_v antibody constructs were determined from the A₂₈₀ values using the extinction coefficients $\epsilon^{1\text{mg/ml}} = 1.96$ and 1.93, respectively.

Example 4: Expression of the tetravalent and/or bivalent antibody construct in the yeast *Pichia pastoris*

Competent *P. pastoris* GS155 cells (Invitrogen) were electroporated in the presence of 10 µg plasmid-DNA of pPIC-DISC-LL and pPIC-DISC-SL, respectively, which had been linearized with SacI. The transformants were selected for 3 days at 30°C on YPD plates containing 100 µg/ml Zeocin™. The clones which secreted the bivalent and/or tetravalent F_v antibody constructs were selected by plate screening using an anti-c-myc-mAb 9E10 (IC Chemikalien, Ismaning, Germany).

For the expression of the bivalent F_v antibody constructs and tetravalent F_v antibody constructs, respectively, the clones were cultured in YPD medium in shaking flasks for 2 days at 30°C with stirring. The cells were centrifuged resuspended in the same volume of the medium containing methanol and incubated for another 3 days at 30°C with stirring. The supernatants were obtained after the centrifugation. The recombinant product was isolated by ammonium sulfate precipitation, followed by IMAC as described above.

Example 5: Characterization of the tetravalent F_v antibody construct and bivalent F_v antibody construct, respectively,

(A) Size exclusion chromatography

An analytical gel filtration of the F_v antibody constructs was carried out in PBS using a superdex 200-HR10/30 column (Pharmacia). The sample volume and the flow rate were 200 µl/min and 0.5 ml/min, respectively. The column was calibrated with high-molecular and low-molecular gel filtration calibration kits (Pharmacia).

(B) Flow cytometry

The human CD3⁺/CD19⁻-acute T-cell leukemia line Jurkat and the CD19⁺/CD3⁻ B-cell line JOK-1 were used for flow cytometry. 5 x 10⁵ cells in 50 µl RPMI 1640 medium (GIBCO BRL, Eggestein, Germany) which was supplemented with 10 % FCS and 0.1 % sodium azide (referred to as complete medium) were incubated with 100 µl of the F_v antibody preparations for 45 minutes on ice. After washing using the complete medium the cells were incubated with 100 µl 10 µg/ml anti-c-myc-Mak 9E10 (IC Chemikalien) in the same buffer for 45 min on ice. After a second wash cycle, the cells were incubated with 100 µl of the FITC-labeled goat-anti-mouse-IgG (GIBCO BRL) under the same conditions as before. The cells were then washed again and resuspended in 100 µl 1 µg/ml propidium iodide solution (Sigma, Deisenhofen, Germany) in complete medium with the exclusion of dead cells. The relative fluorescence of the stained cells was measured using a FACScan flow cytometer (Becton Dickinson, Mountain View, CA).

(C) Cytotoxicity test

The CD19-expressing Burkitt lymphoma cell line Raji and Namalwa were used as target cells. The cells were incubated in RPMI 1640 (GIBCO BRL) which was supplemented with 10 %

heat-inactivated FCS (GIBCO BRL), 2 mM glutamine and 1 mM pyruvate, at 37°C in a dampened atmosphere with 7.5 % CO₂. The cytotoxic T-cell tests were carried out in RPMI-1640 medium supplemented with 10 % FCS, 10 mM HEPES, 2 mM glutamine, 1 mM pyruvate and 0.05 mM 2-ME. The cytotoxic activity was evaluated using a standard [⁵¹Cr] release test; 2 x 10⁶ target cells were labeled with 200 µCi Na[⁵¹Cr]O₄ (Amersham-Buchler, Braunschweig, Germany) and washed 4 times and then resuspended in medium in a concentration of 2 x 10⁵/ml. The effector cells were adjusted to a concentration of 5 x 10⁶/ml. Increasing amounts of CTLs in 100 µl were titrated to 10⁴ target cells/well or cavity in 50 µl. 50 µl antibodies were added to each well. The entire test was prepared three times and incubated at 37°C for 4 h. 100 µl of the supernatant were collected and tested for [⁵¹Cr] release in a gamma counter (Cobra Auto Gamma; Canberra Packard, Dreieich, Germany). The maximum release was determined by incubation of the target cells in 10 % SDS, and the spontaneous release was determined by incubation of the cells in medium alone. The specific lysis (%) was calculated as: (experimental release - spontaneous release)/(maximum release - spontaneous release) x 100.

Example 6: Construction of the plasmids pDISC5-LL and pDISC5-SL for the expression of bivalent, bispecific and/or tetravalent, bispecific F_v antibody constructs in bacteria by high cell density fermentation

Expression vectors were prepared which contained the hok/sok plasmid-free cell suicide system and a gene which codes for the Skp/OmpH periplasmic factor for a greater production of recombinant antibodies. The skp gene was amplified by PCR using the primers skp-1, 5'-CGA ATT CTT AAG ATA AGA AGG AGT

TTA TTG TGA AAA AGT GGT TAT TAG CTG CAG G and skp-2, 5'-CGA ATT AAG CTT CAT TAT TTA ACC TGT TTC AGT ACG TCG G using the plasmid pGAH317 (Holck and Kleppe, 1988, Gene 67, 117-124). The resulting PCR fragment was cleaved by AflIII and HindIII and inserted in the AflIII/HindIII-linearized plasmid pHKK (Horn et al., 1996, Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 46, 524-532) so as to obtain the vector pSKK. The genes obtained in the plasmids pDISC3x19-LL and pDISC3x19-SL and coding for the scFv antibody constructs were amplified by means of the primers fe-1, 5'-CGA ATT TCT AGA TAA GAA GGA GAA ATT AAC CAT GAA ATA CC and fe-2, 5'-CGA ATT CTT AAG CTA TTA GTG ATG GTG ATG GTG ATG TGA G. The XbaI/AflIII-cleaved PCR fragments were inserted in pSKK before the skp insert so as to obtain the expression plasmids pDISC5-LL and pDISC6-SL, respectively, which contain tri-cistronic operons under the control of the lac promoter/operator system (cf. figs. 9, 10).

SEQUENCE RECORD

(1) GENERAL INDICATIONS:

(i) APPLICANT:

- (A) NAME: Deutsches Krebsforschungszentrum
- (B) STREET: Im Neuenheimer Feld 280
- (C) TOWN: Heidelberg
- (E) COUNTRY: Germany
- (F) POSTAL CODE: 69120

(ii) TITLE OF THE INVENTION: Multivalent Antibody Constructs

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 17

(iv) COMPUTER-READABLE VERSION:

- (A) DATA CARRIER: floppy disk
- (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
- (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
- (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, version #1.30 (EPA)

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO SEQ ID NO: 1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1698 base pairs
- (B) KIND: nucleotide
- (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: genome DNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no

(iv) ANTISENSE: no

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) POSITION: 28..1689

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
- (B) POSITION: 28..1689

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

GAATTTCATTA AAGAGGGAGAA ATTAACC ATG AAA TAC CTA TTG CCT ACG GCA
 Met Lys Tyr Leu Leu Pro Thr Ala

1

51

5

GCC GCT GGC TTG CTG CTG GCA GCT CAG CCG GCC ATG GCG CAG GTG Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Gln Pro Ala Met Ala Gln Val 10 15 20	99
CAA CTG CAG CAG TCT GGG GCT GAA CTG GCA AGA CCT GGG GCC TCA GTG Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val 25 30 35 40	147
AAG ATG TCC TGC AAG GCT TCT GGC TAC ACC TTT ACT AGG TAC ACG ATG Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met- 45 50 55	195
CAC TGG GTA AAA CAG AGG CCT GGA CAG GGT CTG GAA TGG ATT GGA TAC His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr 60 65 70	243
ATT AAT CCT AGC CGT GGT TAT ACT AAT TAC AAT CAG AAG TTC AAG GAC Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Asp 75 80 85	291
AAG GCC ACA TTG ACT ACA GAC AAA TCC TCC AGC ACA GCC TAC ATG CAA Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln 90 95 100	339
CTG AGC AGC CTG ACA TCT GAG GAC TCT GCA GTC TAT TAC TGT GCA AGA Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg 105 110 115 120	387
TAT TAT GAT GAT CAT TAC AGC CTT GAC TAC TGG GGC CAA GGC ACC ACT Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr 125 130 135	435
CTC ACA GTC TCC TCA GCC AAA ACA ACA CCC AAG CTT GGC GGT GAT ATC Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr Thr Pro Lys Leu Gly Gly Asp Ile 140 145 150	483
TTG CTC ACC CAA ACT CCA GCT TCT TTG GCT GTG TCT CTA GGG CAG AGG Leu Leu Thr Gln Thr Pro Ala Ser Leu Ala Val Ser Leu Gly Gln Arg 155 160 165	531
GCC ACC ATC TCC TGC AAG GCC AGC CAA AGT GTT GAT TAT GAT GGT GAT Ala Thr Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Asp Tyr Asp Gly Asp 170 175 180	579
AGT TAT TTG AAC TGG TAC CAA CAG ATT CCA GGA CAG CCA CCC AAA CTC Ser Tyr Leu Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Ile Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro Lys Leu 185 190 195 200	627
CTC ATC TAT GAT GCA TCC AAT CTA GTT TCT GGG ATC CCA CCC AGG TTT Leu Ile Tyr Asp Ala Ser Asn Leu Val Ser Gly Ile Pro Pro Arg Phe 205 210 215	675
AGT GGC AGT GGG TCT GGG ACA GAC TTC ACC CTC AAC ATC CAT CCT GTG Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Asn Ile His Pro Val 220 225 230	723

GAG AAG GTG GAT GCT GCA ACC TAT CAC TGT CAG CAA AGT ACT GAG GAT Glu Lys Val Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr His Cys Gln Gln Ser Thr Glu Asp 235 240 245	771
CCG TGG ACG TTC GGT GGA GGC ACC AAG CTG GAA ATC AAA CGG GCT GAT Pro Trp Thr Phe Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Ala Asp 250 255 260	819
GCT GCG GCC GCT GGT GGT GGT TCT GGC GGC GGT GGT AGC GGT GGT Ala Ala Ala Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly 265 270 275 280	867
GGC GGC TCC GGT GGT AGC CAG GTG CAG CTG CAG CAG TCT GGG Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly 285 290 295	915
GCT GAG CTG GTG AGG CCT GGG TCC TCA GTG AAG ATT TCC TGC AAG GCT Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Ser Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala 300 305 310	963
TCT GGC TAT GCA TTC AGT AGC TAC TGG ATG AAC TGG GTG AAG CAG AGG Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Ser Ser Tyr Trp Met Asn Trp Val Lys Gln Arg 315 320 325	1011
CCT GGA CAG GGT CTT GAG TGG ATT GGA CAG ATT TGG CCT GGA GAT GGT Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Gln Ile Trp Pro Gly Asp Gly 330 335 340	1059
GAT ACT AAC TAC AAT GGA AAG TTC AAG GGT AAA GCC ACT CTG ACT GCA Asp Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gly Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala 345 350 355 360	1107
GAC GAA TCC TCC AGC ACA GCC TAC ATG CAA CTC AGC AGC CTA GCA TCT Asp Glu Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Ala Ser 365 370 375	1155
GAG GAC TCT GCG GTC TAT TTC TGT GCA AGA CGG GAG ACT ACG ACG GTA Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Arg Glu Thr Thr Val 380 385 390	1203
GGC CGT TAT TAC TAT GCT ATG GAC TAC TGG GGT CAA GGA ACC TCA GTC Gly Arg Tyr Tyr Tyr Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Ser Val 395 400 405	1251
ACC GTC TCC TCA GCC AAA ACA ACA CCC AAG CTT GGC GGT GAT ATC GTG Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr Thr Pro Lys Leu Gly Gly Asp Ile Val 410 415 420	1299
CTC ACT CAG TCT CCA GCA ATC ATG TCT GCA TCT CCA GGG GAG AAG GTC Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val 425 430 435 440	1347
ACC ATG ACC TGC AGT GCC AGC TCA AGT GTA AGT TAC ATG AAC TGG TAC Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr 445 450 455	1395

CAG CAG AAG TCA GGC ACC TCC CCC AAA AGA TGG ATT TAT GAC ACA TCC Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser 460 465 470	1443
AAA CTG GCT TCT GGA GTC CCT GCT CAC TTC AGG GGC AGT GGG TCT GGG Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala His Phe Arg Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly 475 480 485	1491
ACC TCT TAC TCT CTC ACA ATC AGC GGC ATG GAG GCT GAA GAT GCT GCC Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala 490 495 500	1539
ACT TAT TAC TGC CAG CAG TGG AGT AGT AAC CCA TTC ACG TTC GGC TCG Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Phe Thr Phe Gly Ser 505 510 515 520	1587
GGG ACA AAG TTG GAA ATA AAC CGG GCT GAT ACT GCA CCA ACT GGA TCC Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Asn Arg Ala Asp Thr Ala Pro Thr Gly Ser 525 530 535	1635
GAA CAA AAG CTG ATC TCA GAA GAA GAC CTA AAC TCA CAT CAC CAT CAC Glu Gln Lys Leu Ile Ser Glu Glu Asp Leu Asn Ser His His His His 540 545 550	1683
CAT CAC TAATCTAGA His His	1698

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 554 amino acids
 - (B) KIND: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

Met Lys Tyr Leu Leu Pro Thr Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Leu Ala
 1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Pro Ala Met Ala Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu
 20 25 30

Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly
 35 40 45

Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly
 50 55 60

Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr
 65 70 75 80

Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys
 85 90 95
 Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp
 100 105 110
 Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu
 115 120 125
 Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr
 130 135 140
 Thr Pro Lys Leu Gly Gly Asp Ile Leu Leu Thr Gln Thr Pro Ala Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Ala Val Ser Leu Gly Gln Arg Ala Thr Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser
 165 170 175
 Gln Ser Val Asp Tyr Asp Gly Asp Ser Tyr Leu Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln
 180 185 190
 Ile Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Asp Ala Ser Asn Leu
 195 200 205
 Val Ser Gly Ile Pro Pro Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp
 210 215 220
 Phe Thr Leu Asn Ile His Pro Val Glu Lys Val Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr
 225 230 235 240
 His Cys Gln Gln Ser Thr Glu Asp Pro Trp Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr
 245 250 255
 Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly
 260 265 270
 Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser
 275 280 285
 Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Ser
 290 295 300
 Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Ser Ser Tyr
 305 310 315 320
 Trp Met Asn Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile
 325 330 335
 Gly Gln Ile Trp Pro Gly Asp Gly Asp Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gly Lys Phe
 340 345 350
 Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Glu Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr
 355 360 365

Met Cln Leu Ser Ser Leu Ala Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys
 370 375 380
 Ala Arg Arg Glu Thr Thr Val Gly Arg Tyr Tyr Tyr Ala Met Asp
 385 390 395 400
 Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Ser Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr Thr
 405 410 415
 Pro Lys Leu Gly Gly Asp Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met
 420 425 430
 Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser
 435 440 445
 Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro
 450 455 460
 Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala
 465 470 475 480
 His Phe Arg Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser
 485 490 495
 Gly Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser
 500 505 510
 Ser Asn Pro Phe Thr Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Asn Arg
 515 520 525
 Ala Asp Thr Ala Pro Thr Gly Ser Glu Gln Lys Leu Ile Ser Glu Glu
 530 535 540
 Asp Leu Asn Ser His His His His His His
 545 550

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1653 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: genome DNA
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
- (iv) ANTISENSE: no
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) POSITION: 28..1644

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide

(B) POSITION: 28..1644

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

GAATTCCATTA AAGAGGGAGAA ATTPAACCA ATG AAA TAC CTA TTG CCT ACG GCA Met Lys Tyr Leu Leu Pro Thr Ala	1	5	51
GCC GCT GGC TTG CTG CTG GCA GCT CAG CCG GCC ATG GCG CAG GTG Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Gln Pro Ala Met Ala Gln Val	10	15	20
CAA CTG CAG CAG TCT GGG GCT GAA CTG GCA AGA CCT GGG GCC TCA GTG Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val	25	30	35
AAG ATG TCC TGC AAG GCT TCT GGC TAC ACC TTT ACT AGG TAC ACG ATG Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met	45	50	55
CAC TGG GTA AAA CAG AGG CCT GGA CAG GGT CTG GAA TCG ATT GGA TAC His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr	60	65	70
ATT AAT CCT AGC CGT GGT TAT ACT AAT TAC AAT CAG AAG TTC AAG GAC Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Asp	75	80	85
AAG GCC ACA TTG ACT ACA GAC AAA TCC TCC AGC ACA GCC TAC ATG CAA Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln	90	95	100
CTG AGC AGC CTG ACA TCT GAG GAC TCT GCA GTC TAT TAC TGT GCA AGA Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg	105	110	115
TAT TAT GAT GAT CAT TAC AGC CTT GAC TAC TGG GGC CAA GGC ACC ACT Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr	125	130	135
CTC ACA GTC TCC TCA GCC AAA ACA ACA CCC AAG CTT GGC GGT GAT ATC Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr Thr Pro Lys Leu Gly Gly Asp Ile	140	145	150
TTG CTC ACC CAA ACT CCA GCT TCT TTG GCT GTG TCT CTA GGG CAG AGG Leu Leu Thr Gln Thr Pro Ala Ser Leu Ala Val Ser Leu Gly Gln Arg	155	160	165
GCC ACC ATC TCC TGC AAG GCC AGC CAA AGT GTT GAT TAT GAT GGT GAT Ala Thr Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Asp Tyr Asp Gly Asp	170	175	180

AGT TAT TTG AAC TGG TAC CAA CAG ATT CCA GGA CAG CCA CCC AAA CTC Ser Tyr Leu Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Ile Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro Lys Leu 185 190 195 200	627
CTC ATC TAT GAT GCA TCC AAT CTA GTT TCT GGG ATC CCA CCC AGG TTT Leu Ile Tyr Asp Ala Ser Asn Leu Val Ser Gly Ile Pro Pro Arg Phe 205 210 215	675
AGT GGC AGT GGG TCT GGG ACA GAC TTC ACC AAC ATC CAT CCT GTG Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Asn Ile His Pro Val 220 225 230	723
GAG AAG GTG GAT GCT GCA ACC TAT CAC TGT CAG CAA AGT ACT GAG GAT Glu Lys Val Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr His Cys Gln Gln Ser Thr Glu Asp 235 240 245	771
CCG TGG ACG TTC GGT GGA GGC ACC AAG CTG GAA ATC AAA CGG GCT GAT Pro Trp Thr Phe Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Ala Asp 250 255 260	819
GCT GCG GCC GCT GGT GGC CCA GGG TCG CAG GTG CAG CTG CAG CAG TCT Ala Ala Ala Gly Gly Pro Gly Ser Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser 265 270 275 280	867
GGG GCT GAG CTG GTG AGG CCT GGG TCC TCA GTG AAG ATT TCC TGC AAG Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly Ser Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys 285 290 295	915
GCT TCT GGC TAT GCA TTC AGT AGC TAC TGG ATG AAC TGG GTG AAG CAG Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Ser Ser Tyr Trp Met Asn Trp Val Lys Gin 300 305 310	963
AGG CCT GGA CAG GGT CTT GAG TGG ATT GGA CAG ATT TGG CCT GGA GAT Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Gln Ile Trp Pro Gly Asp 315 320 325	1011
GGT GAT ACT AAC TAC AAT GGA AAG TTC AAG GGT AAA GCC ACT CTG ACT Gly Asp Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gly Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr 330 335 340	1059
GCA GAC GAA TCC TCC AGC ACA GCC TAC ATG CAA CTC AGC AGC CTA GCA Ala Asp Glu Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Ala 345 350 355 360	1107
TCT GAG GAC TCT GCG GTC TAT TTC TGT GCA AGA CGG GAG ACT ACG ACG Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe Cys Ala Arg Arg Glu Thr Thr Thr 365 370 375	1155
GTA GGC CGT TAT TAC TAT GCT ATG GAC TAC TGG GGT CAA GGA ACC TCA Val Gly Arg Tyr Tyr Tyr Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Ser 380 385 390	1203
GTC ACC GTC TCC TCA GCC AAA ACA ACA CCC AAG CTT GGC GGT GAT ATC Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr Thr Pro Lys Leu Gly Gly Asp Ile 395 400 405	1251

GTC CTC ACT CAG TCT CCA GCA ATC ATG TCT GCA TCT CCA GGG GAG AAG Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys 410 415 420	1299
GTC ACC ATG ACC TGC AGT GCC AGC TCA AGT GTA AGT TAC ATG AAC TGG Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp 425 430 435 440	1347
TAC CAG CAG AAG TCA GGC ACC TCC CCC AAA AGA TGG ATT TAT GAC ACA Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr 445 450 455	1395
TCC AAA CTG GCT TCT GGA GTC CCT GCT CAC TTC AGG GGC AGT GGG TCT Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Ala His Phe Arg Gly Ser Gly Ser 460 465 470	1443
GGG ACC TCT TAC TCT CTC ACA ATC AGC GGC ATG GAG GCT GAA GAT GCT Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Gly Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala 475 480 485	1491
GCC ACT TAT TAC TGC CAG CAG TGG AGT AGT AAC CCA TTC ACG TTC GGC Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Ser Ser Asn Pro Phe Thr Phe Gly 490 495 500	1539
TCG GGG ACA AAG TTG GAA ATA AAC CGG GCT GAT ACT GCA CCA ACT GGA Ser Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Asn Arg Ala Asp Thr Ala Pro Thr Gly 505 510 515 520	1587
TCC GAA CAA AAG CTG ATC TCA GAA GAA GAC CTA AAC TCA CAT CAC CAT Ser Glu Gln Lys Leu Ile Ser Glu Glu Asp Leu Asn Ser His His His 525 530 535	1635
CAC CAT CAC TAATCTAGA His His His	1653

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 4:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 539 amino acids
 - (B) KIND: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

Met Lys Tyr Leu Leu Pro Thr Ala Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala 1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Pro Ala Met Ala Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu 20 25 30
Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly 35 40 45

Tyr Thr Phe Thr Arg Tyr Thr Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly
 50 55 60
 Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Tyr Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Gly Tyr Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Tyr Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Lys
 85 90 95
 Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp
 100 105 110
 Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Asp His Tyr Ser Leu
 115 120 125
 Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr
 130 135 140
 Thr Pro Lys Leu Gly Gly Asp Ile Leu Leu Thr Gln Thr Pro Ala Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Ala Val Ser Leu Gly Gln Arg Ala Thr Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser
 165 170 175
 Gln Ser Val Asp Tyr Asp Gly Asp Ser Tyr Leu Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln
 180 185 190
 Ile Pro Gly Gln Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Asp Ala Ser Asn Leu
 195 200 205
 Val Ser Gly Ile Pro Pro Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp
 210 215 220
 Phe Thr Leu Asn Ile His Pro Val Glu Lys Val Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr
 225 230 235 240
 His Cys Gln Gln Ser Thr Glu Asp Pro Trp Thr Phe Gly Gly Thr
 245 250 255
 Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala Ala Gly Gly Pro Gly
 260 265 270
 Ser Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Gly
 275 280 285
 Ser Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala Phe Ser Ser
 290 295 300
 Tyr Trp Met Asn Trp Val Lys Gln Arg Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp
 305 310 315 320
 Ile Gly Gln Ile Trp Pro Gly Asp Gly Asp Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gly Lys
 325 330 335

Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Glu Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala
 340 345 350

Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Ala Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Phe
 355 360 365

Cys Ala Arg Arg Glu Thr Thr Val Gly Arg Tyr Tyr Ala Met
 370 375 380

Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Ser Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr
 385 390 395 400

Thr Pro Lys Leu Gly Gly Asp Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile
 405 410 415

Met Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Ser Ala Ser
 420 425 430

Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser
 435 440 445

Pro Lys Arg Trp Ile Tyr Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro
 450 455 460

Ala His Phe Arg Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile
 465 470 475 480

Ser Gly Met Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp
 485 490 495

Ser Ser Asn Pro Phe Thr Phe Gly Ser Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Asn
 500 505 510

Arg Ala Asp Thr Ala Pro Thr Gly Ser Glu Gln Lys Leu Ile Ser Glu
 515 520 525

Glu Asp Leu Asn Ser His His His His His His
 530 535

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 57 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "primer"
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
- (iv) ANTISENSE: no
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

TATATACTGC AGCTGCACCT GCGACCCTGG GCCACCAGCG GCCGCAGCAT CAGCCCG

57

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 45 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "primer"
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
- (iv) ANTISENSE: no
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

CCGTGAATT CAGGTGCAAC TGCAGCAGTC TGGGGCTGAA CTGGC

45

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 34 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "primer"
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
- (iv) ANTISENSE: no
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

GGTCGACGTT AACCGACAAA CAACAGATAA AACG

34

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 8:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 348 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: genome DNA
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
- (iv) ANTISENSE: no
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) POSITION: 1..348
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
 - (B) POSITION: 1..348
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

ATG AGA TTT CCT TCA ATT TTT ACT GCT GTT TTA TTC GCA GCA TCC TCC	48
Met Arg Phe Pro Ser Ile Phe Thr Ala Val Leu Phe Ala Ala Ser Ser	
1 5 10 15	
GCA TTA GCT GCT CCA GTC AAC ACT ACA ACA GAA GAT GAA ACG GCA CAA	96
Ala Leu Ala Ala Pro Val Asn Thr Thr Glu Asp Glu Thr Ala Gln	
20 25 30	
ATT CCG GCT GAA GCT GTC ATC GGT TAC TCA GAT TTA GAA GGG GAT TTC	144
Ile Pro Ala Glu Ala Val Ile Gly Tyr Ser Asp Leu Glu Gly Asp Phe	
35 40 45	
GAT GTT GCT GTT TTG CCA TTT TCC AAC AGC ACA AAT AAC GGG TTA TTG	192
Asp Val Ala Val Leu Pro Phe Ser Asn Ser Thr Asn Asn Gly Leu Leu	
50 55 60	
TTT ATA AAT ACT ACT ATT GCC AGC ATT GCT GCT AAA GAA GAA GGG GTA	240
Phe Ile Asn Thr Thr Ile Ala Ser Ile Ala Ala Lys Glu Glu Gly Val	
65 70 75 80	
TCT CTC GAG AAA AGA GAG GCT GAA GCT GAA TTC CAG GTG CAA CTG CAG	288
Ser Leu Glu Lys Arg Glu Ala Glu Ala Glu Phe Gln Val Gln Leu Gln	
85 90 95	
CAG TCT GGG GCT GAA CTG GCA AGA CCT GGG GCC TCA GTG AAG ATG TCC	336
Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser	
100 105 110	
TGC AAG GCT TCT	348
Cys Lys Ala Ser	
115	

14

2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 116 amino acids
- (B) KIND: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:

Met	Arg	Phe	Pro	Ser	Ile	Phe	Thr	Ala	Val	Leu	Phe	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser
1					5					10					15
Ala	Leu	Ala	Ala	Pro	Val	Asn	Thr	Thr	Thr	Glu	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala	Gln
					20				25					30	
Ile	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ala	Val	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Leu	Glu	Gly	Asp	Phe
					35			40					45		
Asp	Val	Ala	Val	Leu	Pro	Phe	Ser	Asn	Ser	Thr	Asn	Asn	Gly	Leu	Leu
				50			55						60		
Phe	Ile	Asn	Thr	Thr	Ile	Ala	Ser	Ile	Ala	Lys	Glu	Glu	Gly	Val	
					65			70		75				80	
Ser	Leu	Glu	Lys	Arg	Glu	Ala	Glu	Ala	Glu	Phe	Gln	Val	Gln	Leu	Gln
					85				90					95	
Gln	Ser	Gly	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ala	Arg	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ser	Val	Lys	Met	Ser
					100				105					110	
Cys	Lys	Ala	Ser												
			115												

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 354 base pairs
- (B) KIND: nucleotide
- (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: genome DNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no

(iv) ANTISENSE: no

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) POSITION: 1..354

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
- (B) POSITION: 1..354

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10:

ATG AGA TTT CCT TCA ATT TTT ACT GCT GTT TTA TTC GCA GCA TCC TCC Met Arg Phe Pro Ser Ile Phe Thr Ala Val Leu Phe Ala Ala Ser Ser 1 5 10 15	48
GCA TTA GCT GCT CCA GTC AAC ACT ACA ACA GAA GAT GAA ACG GCA CAA Ala Leu Ala Ala Pro Val Asn Thr Thr Glu Asp Glu Thr Ala Gln 20 25 30	96
ATT CCG GCT GAA GCT GTC ATC GGT TAC TCA GAT TTA GAA GGG GAT TTC Ile Pro Ala Glu Ala Val Ile Gly Tyr Ser Asp Leu Glu Gly Asp Phe 35 40 45	144
GAT GTT GCT GTT TTG CCA TTT TCC AAC AGC ACA AAT AAC GGG TTA TTG Asp Val Ala Val Leu Pro Phe Ser Asn Ser Thr Asn Asn Gly Leu Leu 50 55 60	192
TTT ATA AAT ACT ACT ATT GCC AGC ATT GCT GCT AAA GAA GAA GGG GTA Phe Ile Asn Thr Thr Ile Ala Ser Ile Ala Ala Lys Glu Glu Gly Val 65 70 75 80	240
TCT CTC GAG AAA AGA GAG GCT GAA GCT GAA TTC ATG GCG CAG GTG CAA Ser Leu Glu Lys Arg Glu Ala Glu Ala Glu Phe Met Ala Gln Val Gln 85 90 95	288
CTG CAG CAG TCT GGG GCT GAA CTG GCA AGA CCT GGG GCC TCA GTG AAG Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys 100 105 110	336
ATG TCC TGC AAG GCT TCT Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser 115	354

2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 118 amino acids
 - (B) KIND: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:

Met Arg Phe Pro Ser Ile Phe Thr Ala Val Leu Phe Ala Ala Ser Ser 1 5 10 15
Ala Leu Ala Ala Pro Val Asn Thr Thr Glu Asp Glu Thr Ala Gln 20 25 30
Ile Pro Ala Glu Ala Val Ile Gly Tyr Ser Asp Leu Glu Gly Asp Phe 35 40 45

Asp Val Ala Val Leu Pro Phe Ser Asn Ser Thr Asn Asn Gly Leu Leu
 50 55 60

Phe Ile Asn Thr Thr Ile Ala Ser Ile Ala Ala Lys Glu Glu Gly Val
 65 70 75 80

Ser Leu Glu Lys Arg Glu Ala Glu Ala Glu Phe Met Ala Gln Val Gln
 85 90 95

Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Leu Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys
 100 105 110

Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser
 115

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 42 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "primer"
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
- (iv) ANTISENSE: no
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:

TCACACAGAA TTCTTAGATC TATTAAAGAG GAGAAATTAA CC

42

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 13:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 40 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "primer"
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
- (iv) ANTISENSE: no
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13:

AGCACACGAT ATCACCGCCA AGCTTGGGTG TTGTTTGCG

40

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 14:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 43 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "primer"
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
- (iv) ANTISENSE: no
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14

AGCACACAAG CTTGGCGGTG ATATCTTGCT CACCCAAACT CCA

43

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 15:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 57 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "primer"
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
- (iv) ANTISENSE: no
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15

AGCACACTCT AGAGACACAC AGATCTTAG TGATGGTGAT GGTGATGTGA GTTTAGG

57

(2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 16:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

18

- (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "primer"
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
- (iv) ANTISENSE: no
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16:

CAGCCGGCCA TGGCGCAGGT GCAACTGCAG CAG

33

- (2) INDICATIONS AS TO ID NO: 17:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 102 base pairs
 - (B) KIND: nucleotide
 - (C) STRAND TYPE: single strand
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) KIND OF MOLECULE: other nucleic acid
 - (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "primer"
 - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: no
 - (iv) ANTISENSE: no
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:

TATATACTGC AGCTGCACCT GGCTACCACC ACCACCGGAG CCGCCACCCAC CGCTACCACC

60

GCCGCCAGAA CCACCAACCAC CAGCGGCCGC AGCATCAGCC CG

102

Official File: PCT/DE99/01350

Attorney's File: K 2675

Amended Claims

1. A multivalent F_v antibody construct having at least four variable domains which are linked with one another via the peptide linkers 1, 2 and 3, wherein the peptide linkers 1 and 3 have 0 to 10 amino acids.
2. The F_v antibody construct according to claim 1, wherein the peptide linkers 1 and 3 have the amino acid sequence GG.
3. The F_v antibody construct according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the F_v antibody construct is bivalent.
4. The F_v antibody construct according to claim 3, wherein the peptide linker 2 has 11 to 20 amino acids.
5. The F_v antibody construct according to claim 3 or 4, wherein the peptide linker 2 has the amino acid sequence (G₄S)₄.
6. The F_v antibody construct according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the F_v antibody construct is tetravalent.
7. The F_v antibody construct according to claim 6, wherein the peptide linker 2 has 3 to 10 amino acids.

8. The F_v antibody construct according to claim 6 or 7, wherein the peptide linker 2 comprises the amino acid sequence GGPGS.

9. The F_v antibody construct according to any of claims 1 to 8, wherein the F_v antibody construct is multispecific.

10. F_v antibody construct according to claim 9, wherein the F_v antibody construct is bispecific.

11. The F_v antibody construct according to any of claims 1 to 8, wherein the F_v antibody construct is monospecific.

12. A method of producing the multivalent F_v antibody construct according to any of claims 1 to 11, wherein DNAs coding for the peptide linkers 1, 2 and 3 are ligated with DNAS coding for the four variable domains of an F_v antibody construct such that the peptide linkers link the variable domains with one another and the resulting DNA molecule is expressed in an expression plasmid.

13. Expression plasmid coding for the multivalent F_v antibody construct according to any of claims 1 to 11.

14. The expression plasmid according to claim 13, namely pDISC3x19-LL.

15. The expression plasmid according to claim 13, namely pDISC3x19-SL.

16. The expression plasmid according to claim 13, namely pPIC-DISC-LL.

17. The expression plasmid according to claim 13, namely pPIC-DISC-SL.

18. The expression plasmid according to claim 13, namely pDISC5-LL.

19. The expression plasmid according to claim 13, namely pDISC6-SL.

20. Use of the multivalent F_v antibody construct according to any of claims 1 to 11 for the diagnosis and/or treatment of diseases.

21. Use according to claim 20, wherein the diseases are viral, bacterial or tumoral diseases.

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EcoRI	RBS	Peb leader	Ncol
1	<u>GAATTCTTAAAGAGGAGAAATT</u>	M A C C T G A A R T A C C T A T T C C T T C G G C A C C C G T G C T T G C T G C T G C C A C C T C A G C G C C G C T G G	
		I M K Y I L P T A R A G L D D L A A Q P A M	
		Frame-H1	VH anti-CD3
92	<u>CCGAGGTGCAACTGGACGAGTC</u>	T G C G G G C T G A C T G C G G C G A C C T G G G C T C A G T G A A G A T G T C C T G C A A G G C T C G G C T A C C C T T A C	
22	A Q V Q L Q O S G A E L A R P G A S V K M S C K A S G Y T F T	Frame-H2	CDR-H2
	COR-H1		
183	<u>T A G G T A C A C G A T G C A C T G G T H</u>	A A C A G G G C T G G A C G G G T C G G A T G G A T T G G A T A C A T T A T C C T A G G C G T G G T T A T A C	
52	R Y T M H W V K Q R P G Q G L E N I G Y I N P S R G Y T	Frame-H3	
267	<u>T A A T T A C A A T C A G A R G T T C A A G G A C A A G G C C A C T G A C T A C A G A C H A A T C C T C A G G C A C G C C T A C A T G C A A C T G C A C C C G C T G A C</u>		
30	N Y N Q K F K D K A T L T T D K S S S T A Y H Q L S S L T	Frame-H4	
354	<u>A T C T G A G G A C T C T G C A G T G C T M T T A C T C G C R A G T T A T T A T G A T G A T C A T T A C R G C C T T G A C T A C T G C G G C T A C C C T C A C T C T M A</u>		
109	S E D S A V Y Y C A R Y Y D D H Y S L D Y W G Q G T T L	CH1	VL anti-CD19
440	<u>C A G T C T C T C A G C C A A A C A C A C R C C C B A G C T T G G C G G T G A T A T C T T G C T C A C C C A A A C T C C A G G C T T T T G G C T T G C T G C T T A C C G G C A</u>		
138	T V S S A K T T P K L G G D I L L T Q T P A S L A V S L G Q	CDR-L1	Frame-L2
530	<u>G G G C C A C C A T C T C T G C A A G G C C A A A G T G T G A T T A T G A T G G T G A T A G T T A T T G A A C T G T A C C A C A G A T T C C A G G A C</u>		
168	R A T I S C X A S Q S V D Y D G D S Y L N W Y Q Q I P G	CDR-L2	Frame-L3
614	<u>A G C C A C C C A A P C T C T C A T C T A T G A T S C A T C C A L T C T A G T T T C T C G G G A T C C C A C C C A G G T T T A G T G C C G A C T G C G G C T C G G C A C C C T T</u>		
196	Q P P K D S I Y C A S N L V S G I P P R F S G S G S G T D F	CDR-L3	Frame-L4
702	<u>C A C C C T C A A C A T C A T C T C T G C A G A G A G G T G G A T C T G C A A C C T A T C A C T G C A G C A A A G T A C T G R A G G G A T C C G T G A C G T T C G G T G C A</u>		
225	T D N I H P V E K V D A A T T Y H C Q Q S T E D P W T F G G	Chappa	Linker 2
874	<u>P v u l l</u>	Frame-H1	VH anti-CD19
283	S G G G G S Q V Q L Q Q S G A E L V R P G S S V K I S C X	CDR-H1	Frame-H2
962	<u>C T T C T G G C T A T C A T T C A T T C A G C T A C T G G A T G C A A C G G A G G C C T G G C T C A G G C T T T G A T G G A T T G G A C A G A T T T G G C</u>		CDR-H2
312	A S G Y A F S S Y W M N W V K Q R P G Q G L E W I G Q I W		
1049	<u>P s t l</u>	Frame-H3	
341	P G D G D T N Y N G K F K G K A T L T A D E S S S T A Y		
1133	<u>T G C A A C T C A G C C T A G C A T C T C A G G A C T C T G C G G G T C T T T C T G G C A G C G G G A G A C T A C G A C G G T A G G C C G T T A T T A C T A T</u>		
369	M Q L S S L A S E D S A V Y F C A R R E T T T V G R Y Y Y	Frame-H4	
1219	<u>F r a m e - H 4</u>	CH1	Linker 1
1219	<u>G C T A T G G A C T A C T G G G G T C A A G G A A C T C T G C A C C C T T C T C A G C C A A A C C A C C C A A G C T T G G C G G G T G A T A T C G C T C A C T C</u>		Frame-L1
398	A M D Y W G Q P S V T V S S A K T T P K L G G D I V L T	VL anti-CD3	
1307	<u>V L anti-CD3</u>	CDR-L1	
427	<u>A G T C T C A G C C T A C T G C T C A T T C C G G G A G G T C A C C A T G C A C T G C C A G G C T C A A G T G T A A C T T A C T G A A C T C G</u>		
	C D R - L 2	Frame-L3	
1393	<u>427 P S P A T M S A S P G E K V T M T C S A S S S V S Y M N W</u>		
456	<u>T A C C A G G A G A G T C A G G C A C T T C C C C C A A A G A T G G A T T T A T G A C A C A T C C A A A C T G G C T T C T G G A G T C C C T G C T C A C T T C A G G G C C A</u>		
	C D R - L 3		
1481	<u>456 Y Q Q K S G T S P K R W I Y D T S K L A S G V P A H F R G</u>		
485	<u>1481 G T G G G T C T G G A C C T C T T A C T C T C T C A C A T C A C C G G C A T G G A G G C T G A A G A T G C G C A C T T A T T A C T G C C A G G C A G T G G G A G T G A T G T A A</u>		
	C D R - L 4	Chappa	c-myc epitope
1569	<u>485 S G S G T S Y S L T I S G M E A E D A A T Y Y C Q Q W S S N</u>		
514	<u>1569 C C C A T T C A C G T G G G C T C C G G A C A A G T T G G A A T T A A C C G G G T G A T C T G C A C C A A C T G G A T C C G A A C A C A L L A G C T G A T C T C A G</u>		
	His6 tail	XbaI	
1655	<u>514 P F T F G S G T K L E I N R A D T A P T G S S E Q K L I S</u>		
543	<u>1655 A A G A A G C C T A A A C T C A C T C A C T C A C T A C T A M T C G A</u>		

FIGURE 5

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FIGURE 6

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941 ATGAGATTTCCTCAATTTCCTACTCCTGTTTATTCGCAGCATCCTCCGGCATTAGCTGCTCCAGTCACACTAC
 1 M R F P S I F T A V L F A A S S A L A A P V N T T
 1015 AACAGAAGATGAAACCGCACAAATTCCGGCTGAAGCTGTATCGGTTACTCAGATTAGAAGGGGATTCGATG
 25 T E D E T A Q I P A E A V I G Y S D L E G D F D
 1089 TTGCTGTTTGCCATTTCACACAGCACAAATAACGGGTTATTGTTTATAAAACTACTATTGCCAGCATTGCT
 50 V A V L P F S N S T N N G L L F I N T T I A S I A
 1163 GCTAAAGAAGAAGGGTATCTCTGAGAAAAGAGAGGCTGAAGCTGAATTCCAGGTGCAACTGCAGCAGTC
 75 A K E E G V S L E K R E A E A E F Q V Q L Q Q S
 VH anti-CD3
 1234 TGGGGCTGAACCTGGCAAGACCTGGGCCTCAGTGAAGATGTCTGCAAGGCTTCT
 98 G A E L A R P G A S V K M S C K A S

FIGURE 7

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941 ATGAGATTCCTCAATTCTACTGCTGTTTTCGGCAGCATCCCGCATTAGCTGCTCCAGTCAACACTAC
 1> M R F P S I F T A V L F A A S S A L A A P V N T T

alpha-factor signal

1015 AACAGAAAGATGAAACGGCACAAATTCCGGCTGAACTGTCATCGTTACTCAGATTAGAAGGGATTGCGATG
 25> T E D E T A Q I P A E A V I G Y S O L E G D F D

BsrDI

1089 TTGCTGTTGCCATTTCACACAGCACAAATAACGGGTATTCTTTATAAAACTACTATTGCCAGCATTGCT
 50> V A V L P F S N S T N N G L L F I N T T I A S I A

XbaI          EcoRI

1163 GCTAAAGAAGAAGGGTATCTCTCGAGAAAAAGACAGGGCTGAAAGCTGATTCATGGCGCAGGTGCAACTGCAG
 75> A K E E G V S L E K R E A E A E F M A Q V Q L Q

VH anti-CD3

1235 CAGTCTGGGCTGAACTGGCAAGACCTGGGGCTCAGTGAAGATGTCTGCAAGGCTTCT
 99> Q S G A E L A R P G A S V K M S C K A S

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FIGURE 8

UNSCANNABLE ITEM

RECEIVED WITH THIS APPLICATION

(ITEM ON THE 10TH FLOOR ZONE 5 IN THE FILE PREPARATION SECTION)

DOCUMENT REÇU AVEC CETTE DEMANDE

NE POUVANT ÊTRE BALAYÉ

(DOCUMENT AU 10 IÈME ÉTAGE AIRE 5 DANS LA SECTION DE LA
PRÉPARATION DES DOSSIERS)

P1-2-3-4-9-10